Financial Statements
& Required Supplementary Information
With Independent Auditors' Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Table of Contents

<u>P</u>	age
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements:  Balance Sheet  Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position  Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	11 12
Reconciliation of the Statement Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	13 14
Notes to Financial Statements	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	35 36
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	38



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing* Standards. we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a separate report dated October 13, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 13, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) offers readers of the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's financial statements a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. This MD&A presents financial highlights, an overview of the accompanying financial statements, an analysis of net position and results of operations, a current-to prior year analysis, a discussion on restrictions, commitments and limitations, and a discussion of significant activity involving capital assets and long-term debt. Please read in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- District's net position increased by approximately 4.4% compared to the prior fiscal year.
- The District experienced a increase in net position of \$25,485.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's financial statements. The District's basic financial statements reflect the combined results of the Operating and Capital Programs and include three components: (1) Statement of Net Position; (2) Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and (3) Notes to the Financial Statements.

The financial statements accompanying this MD&A present the net position and results of operations during the year ending June 30, 2017. These financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting basis used by for-profit entities. Each financial statement is identified and defined in this section, and analyzed in subsequent sections of this MD&A.

#### **REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between these items reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Assets exceed liabilities, resulting in a net position of \$600,301 as of June 30, 2017.

#### Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the results of the District's operations for the year and can be used to determine if the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through user fees and other charges. Operating revenues and expenses are related to the District's core activities (sale of internment rights and burial services). General revenues and expenses are not directly related to the core activities of the District (e.g. interest income, interest expense, property taxes). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, net position increased by \$25,485.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by granter requirements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Analysis of Net Position**

**Table A-1: Condensed Statement of Net Position** 

	Jun	e 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		Change	
ASSETS		_		_		
Current assets	\$	659,461	\$	623,935	\$	35,526
Non-current assets		126,469		139,893		(13,424)
Total assets		785,930		763,828		22,102
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		44,903		19,100		25,803
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		31,820		22,115		9,705
Non-current liabilities		188,834		165,497		23,337
Total liabilities		220,654		187,612		33,042
DEFERRED INFLOWS		9,878		20,500		(10,622)
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets		126,469		139,893		(13,424)
Restricted		570,873		543,738		27,135
Unrestricted		(97,041)		(29,279)		(67,762)
Total net position	\$	600,301	\$	574,816	\$	25,485

At the end of the fiscal year, the District shows a balance in its unrestricted net position of (\$97,041). The restricted assets increased because of an increased balance in the endowment fund and an increased inventory balance. Unrestricted assets decreased which was due to an increase of expenses associated with the District's CalPERS pension plan liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### **Analysis of Revenues and Expenses**

Table A-2: Condensed Statements of Activities

	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Jun	e 30, 2016	 ncrease ecrease)
Program revenue	\$	115,913	\$	99,580	\$ 16,333
Expenses		208,250		153,887	54,363
Net program expense		(92,337)		(54,307)	(38,030)
General revenues		117,822		119,378	(1,556)
Change in net position		25,485		65,071	(39,586)
Net position					
Beginning of year		574,816		509,745	65,071
End of year	\$	600,301	\$	574,816	\$ 25,485

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provides answers to the nature and source of these changes. The main factors in the change in net position is increased program and general revenues, combined with lower expenses.

**Table A-3: Total Revenues** 

					In	crease
	Jun	e 30, 2017	June	e 30, 2016	(De	ecrease)
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	97,101	\$	92,645	\$	4,456
Endowment care fees		18,812		6,935		11,877
Total program revenues		115,913		99,580		16,333
General revenues:						
Property taxes		98,787		95,969		2,818
Other revenues		25,235		5,454		19,781
Investment earnings		(6,200)		17,955		(24,155)
Total general revenues		117,822		119,378		(1,556)
Total revenues	\$	233,735	\$	218,958	\$	14,777

Total revenue from all sources increased by 6.7%, or \$14,777, from the prior year due to increases in property taxes offset by decreases in investment valuations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### **Analysis of Revenues and Expenses**

Table A-4: Total Expenses

<b>F</b>	Jun	ne 30, 2017	Jun	e 30, 2016	ecrease
Expenses:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	165,641	\$	98,232	\$ 67,409
Utilities		5,516		5,423	93
Services and supplies		23,669		36,808	(13,139)
Depreciation		13,424		13,424	 -
Total expenses	\$	208,250	\$	153,887	\$ 54,363

Total expenses for the District's operations increased by \$54,363, from the prior year due to recording net pension expenses and paying out the compensated absences balances earned in prior years.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Net capital assets decreased by \$13,424 from the prior year due to depreciation charges.

Table A-5: Capital Assets at Year-End, Net of Depreciation

	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2016		ncrease ecrease)
Capital assets:				_	,	_
Land	\$	15,340	\$	15,340	\$	-
Depreciable assets		593,147		593,147		-
Accumulated depreciation		(482,018)		(468,594)		(13,424)
Total capital assets, net	\$	126,469	\$	139,893	\$	(13,424)

#### **ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL DISTRICT FUNDS**

#### **General Operating Fund**

Total budgeted expenditures for the fiscal year show expenditures exceeding revenues. The actual results for the year show revenues and net transfers exceeding expenditures by \$22,095. Higher than anticipated expenditures led to an ending fund balance of \$94,177.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### **Analysis of Individual District Funds**

#### **Endowment Care Fund**

The Endowment Care Fund increased by \$8,752 over the prior year. The principal portion of this fund is restricted and cannot be used for general operations. The decrease is due to investment valuation losses on the principal portion offset by endowment fees charged.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING CURRENT FINANCIAL POSITION**

The District is heavily reliant on generating at-need and pre-need sales to help operations. Any disruption in the number of services performed during a given year will have a dramatic impact on the level of spending the District can accommodate with spending down reserves.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our Board of Trustees, citizens, customers, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives and the stewardship of the facilities it owns and operates. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District at 8441 Burlando Rd, Wofford Heights, CA 93285.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	ernmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 183,850
Investments	457,228
Inventory	18,383
Non-current assets:	126 460
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	126,469
Total assets	 785,930
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	44,903
Zolonia aumono al roccanos las panais.	,000
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	12,794
Long-term liabilities - due in one year	19,026
Non-current liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year	68,290
Net pension liability	120,544
Total liabilities	220,654
	·
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	9,878
NET POSITION	400 400
Net investment in capital assets	126,469
Restricted for: Nonexpendable	570,873
Unrestricted	(97,041)
Net position	\$ 600,301
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Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 vernmental Activities
EXPENSES Salaries and employee benefits Utilities Services and supplies Depreciation	\$ 165,641 5,516 23,669 13,424
Total expenses	 208,250
PROGRAM REVENUES Charges for current services	115,913
Net program revenues (expenses)	 (92,337)
GENERAL REVENUES Property taxes Investment income (loss) Other revenues	 98,787 (6,200) 25,235
Total general revenues	 117,822
Change in net position	25,485
Net position, July 1, 2016	 574,816
Net position, June 30, 2017	\$ 600,301

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

			P6	ermanent Fund		
	General Fund		Endowment Care Fund		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS		_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	89,497	\$	94,353	\$	183,850
Investments		-		457,228		457,228
Due from other fund		-		909		909
Inventory		18,383		-		18,383
Total assets	\$	107,880	\$	552,490	\$	660,370
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	12,794	\$	-	\$	12,794
Due to other funds		909				909
Total liabiltiies		13,703		<u>-</u>		13,703
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		18,383		552,490		570,873
Unassigned		75,794				75,794
Total fund balances		94,177		552,490		646,667
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	107,880	\$	552,490	\$	660,370

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

### Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 646,667

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets: 608,487 Accumulated depreciation: (482,018)

Capital assets, net of depreciation

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Deferred outflows of resources - pension 44,903

Deferred inflows of resources - pension (9,878)

Net pension liability/asset (120,544)

Pre-need loan (82,290)

Compensated absences (5,026)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 600,301

126,469

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Pe	ermanent Fund			
	General Fund	Endowment Care Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES Property taxes Charges for current services Other revenues Investment income	\$ 98,787 97,101 3,006 424	\$	- 18,812 - (6,624)	\$	98,787 115,913 3,006 (6,200)	
Total revenues	199,318		12,188		211,506	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Salaries and employee benefits Utilities Services and supplies	161,098 5,516 23,669		- - -		161,098 5,516 23,669	
Debt service: Principal	 12,605				12,605	
Total expenditures	202,888				202,888	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	25,665 -		- (3,436)		25,665 (3,436)	
Total other financing sources/uses	 25,665		(3,436)		22,229	
Net change in fund balances	22,095		8,752		30,847	
FUND BALANCE Balances, July 1, 2016	 72,082		543,738		615,820	
Balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 94,177	\$	552,490	\$	646,667	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 30,847
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Net pension expense	(31,119)
Compensated absences	26,576
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:	
Expenditures for capital outlay -	
Depreciation expense (13,424) Net:	(13,424)
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reduction of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal	
portion of long-term debt were:	 12,605
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 25,485

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	P	re-Need Fund
ASSETS	•	44.050
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	11,253 173,209
Repayment from general fund		83,798
. ,		
Total assets	\$	268,260
NET POSITION		
Restricted for at-need services	\$	217,611
Unrestricted		50,649
Total net position		268,260

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Pre-Need Fund		
ADDITIONS			
Charges for current services	\$	3,328	
Other revenues		6,325	
Investment income		15,129	
Total additions		24,782	
DELETIONS			
Burial services		41,136	
Interfund transfers and other uses		22,229	
Total deletions		63,365	
Change in net position		(38,583)	
NET POSITION			
Balances, July 1, 2016		306,843	
Balances, June 30, 2017	\$	268,260	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Description of Organization**

The Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District was established November 27, 1950, under the State Cemetery District Act of 1909 and as subsequently amended. It was later incorporated in the California Health and Safety code of 1939. The District presently maintains two cemeteries. One located on the west side of Highway #155 between Wofford Heights and Kernville, referred to as Kern River Valley Cemetery, consists of lot 19 of Township 25 South, Range 33 East, Section 28 (20.15 acres). Old Kernville Cemetery located on the east side of Highway #155 between Wofford Heights and Kernville began as a community burial ground with the first recorded burial November 23, 1868. This cemetery was acquired by deed or gift from the County of Kern at the time the District was established. The District operates as a special district under California Law and is subject to applicable sections of the Health and Safety Code Section 9010. The District's Board of Trustees is appointed by the Kern River Valley County Board of Supervisors.

### **Reporting Entity**

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments and to general practice within California Special Districts. The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the State Controller's Office Division of Local Government Fiscal Affairs Minimum Audit Requirements and Reporting Guidelines for California Special Districts. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management also determines the accounting principles to be used in the preparation of the financial statements.

A description of the significant accounting policies employed in the preparation of these financial statements follows: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements present the accounts of the District and any of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities of which the District is considered to be financially accountable or otherwise has a relationship, which is such that the exclusion of the entity would cause the financial statements to be misleading. Blended component units are considered, in substance, part of the District's operations, so the accounts of these entities are to be combined with the data of the District. Component units, which do not meet these requirements, are reported in the financial statements as discrete units to emphasize their separate legal status. However, the District has determined that it is not financially accountable for, nor has any other relationship with, any other organization, which would require its inclusion in these financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately, compared to business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District currently has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)**

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, payments for services, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 120 days after yearend, except for contracts for services which are recognized at the time the contract is signed. Property taxes and investment income are susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Permanent funds account for assets for which the principal may not be spent.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major funds:

**General Fund:** This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Included are transactions for services, rents, property taxes, and interest. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the rules of the Health and Safety Code and by approval of the Board of Trustees.

**Endowment Care Fund:** This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for future maintenance of the Cemetery at such time when all lots have been sold and there is no longer revenue generated from such sales. The resources are derived from an endowment care fee assessed on each sale of a burial right and earnings on these resources. The principal must be preserved intact. Endowment Fund is in accordance with Section 9065(e) of the California Health and Safety Code.

#### Fiduciary Fund:

Thus fund is used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The District operates one fiduciary fund. It's Pre-Need Burial Fund is a private-purpose trust fund which transfers funds from its earnings to the general fund to finance burial expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Budgetary Data**

Health and Safety Code Section 9070(a) states that on or before August 30 of each year, the board of trustees shall adopt a final budget, which shall conform to the accounting and budgeting procedures for special districts contained in Subchapter 3 (commencing with § 1031.1) of, and Article 1 (commencing with § 1121) of Subchapter 4 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. The board of trustees may divide the annual budget into categories, including, but not limited to maintenance and operation, employee compensation, interest and redemption for indebtedness, as well as reserves (for endowment income fund, capital outlay, pre-need, contingencies, and unallocated general reserve).

The District follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule. The annual budget is a complete financial plan for the ensuing budget year and consists of an operating budget and a capital budget. The General Fund is the only Fund for which an annual budget is legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Board then considers the proposed budget at its regular meeting, which is open to the public.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, each year. Secured property taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments, on December 10 and April 10. The County of Kern River Valley Assessor's Office assesses all real and personal property within the County each year.

Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at one (1%) of countywide assessed valuations. The County of Kern River Valley Treasurer's Office remits an undisclosed portion of the one (1%) current and delinquent property tax collections to the District throughout the year.

#### Pension

The District follows GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions which became applicable as of July 2014. This statement requires accrual-based measurement and recognition of the cost of pension benefits during the periods when employees render their services.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes mandate the District maintain substantially all of its cash in the Kern River Valley County Treasury. The County's investment pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is not the same as the value of the pooled shares. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value, amortized cost plus accrued interest, multiplied by the District's percentage at the date of such withdrawal. The County Treasurer's investments, including U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, are carried at fair value based on current market prices. Bond anticipation notes are carried at fair value. Commercial paper is carried at amortized cost. Investments in bankers' acceptances and nonparticipating guaranteed investment contracts are carried at fair value based on net realizable value.

The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application; investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Mutual funds are carried at fair value based on the funds' share price. Local agency obligations are carried at fair value based on the value of each participating dollar.

#### Inventory

Inventory of preneed supplies and fuel is valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out method. The costs of government fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. As of June 30, 2017, the district had an inventory balance of \$13,203.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of five years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Estimated service lives for the District's classes of assets are as follows:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-40 years
Machinery, Vehicles, and Equipment	10-15 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Interfund Balances and Transfers**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at year-end are referred to as due to/from other funds (i.e. current portion of interfund loans). Interfund transfers occur because the District receives charges for services through the special revenues funds and transfers these funds to the general fund as expenditures are incurred or due to contractual requirements.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents the consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

Currently, the District has deferred inflows/outflows of resources for its pension plan.

#### **Net Position**

Net position is classified into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including
  restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of
  any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction,
  or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the
  portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net
  investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position
  component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted net position** This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Pension

The District follows GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions as of July 1, 2014. This statement requires accrual-based measurement and recognition of the cost of pension benefits during the periods when employees render their services.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2015 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2016

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016

#### **Fund Balances**

The fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

- **Nonspendable**: Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepaid assets.
- **Restricted:** Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provision or by enabling legislation.
- **Committed:** The District's highest decision-making level of authority rests with the District's Board. Fund balance is reported as committed when the Board passes a resolution that places specified constraints on how resources may be used. The Board can modify or rescind a commitment of resources through passage of a new resolution.
- **Assigned:** Resources that are constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent may be expressed by either the Board, committees (such as budget or finance), or officials to which the Board has delegated authority.
- **Unassigned:** Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned and may be utilized by the District for any purpose.

When expenditures are incurred, and both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources in the order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned, as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and vacation leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Compensated absences expected to be paid with expendable available resources are accrued and recorded as liabilities and expenditures of the general fund. Amounts not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances at June 30, 2017, are reported at fair value and consisted of the following:

	rernmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
Cash on hand	\$ 300	\$ -		
Deposits in financial institutions	11,456	1,840		
External Investment Pool - Cash in Kern County Treasury	172,094	9,413		
Total cash	\$ 183,850	\$ 11,253		

California statutes authorize governments to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District's permissible investments included the following instruments:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years
Insured or Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	5 years
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A
Local Government Investment Pools	N/A
Money Market Funds	N/A
Passbook Savings and Money Market Accounts	N/A

#### **Pooled Funds**

The District maintains balances of cash in the County Treasury in each of its funds at June 30, 2017. The County pools and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Interest earned is deposited to participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

Because the District's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the District's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classifications is required.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities with the State of California. However, at June 30, 2017, the County Treasurer has represented that the Pooled Investment Fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

NA - - - ! - - - - - - - - -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits and Investments**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counter party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Neither the California Government Code nor the County's investment policy contains legal or policy requirements that would limit the District's exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, except that the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District's investment policy places limits on the amounts the District may invest in any one issuer or type of investment and as of June 30, 2017, and the District was in compliance with its investment policy.

#### **Investment Valuation**

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

Investment balances at June 30, 2017, are reported at fair value and consisted of the following:

Portfolio	S&P Rating	%	Total	< 1 year	1	- 5 years	>	5 years
Cash in county	N/A	22%	\$ 181,507	\$ 181,507	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual funds	N/A	19%	152,469	62,253		90,216		-
Certificates of deposit	FDIC	20%	160,548	29,987		100,505		30,056
U.S. Agency obligations	AA+	31%	255,215	-		84,629		170,586
Medium-term notes	A- to AA+	5%	36,558	-		36,558		-
Govt. asset backed/CMO	Not rated	3%	 25,647	 				25,647
		100%	\$ 811,944	\$ 273,747	\$	311,908	\$	226,289

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

Accounts payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

	General Fund				
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Sales tax payable	\$	2,324 10,170 300			
Total	\$	12,794			

#### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_						
Land	\$	15,340	\$	=	\$	-	\$	15,340
Total capital assets not being depreciated		15,340		-		-		15,340
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building & improvements		354,271		-		-		354,271
Equipment		238,876				-		238,876
Total capital assets being depreciated		593,147		-		-		593,147
Accumulated depreciation for:								
Building & improvements		(296,638)		(10,498)		-		(307, 136)
Equipment		(171,956)		(2,926)		-		(174,882)
Total accumulated depreciation		(468,594)		(13,424)		-		(482,018)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		124,553		(13,424)				111,129
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	139,893	\$	(13,424)	\$	-	\$	126,469

Depreciation expense for cemetery operations amounted to \$13,424 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The district has no estimated costs remaining on current contracts.

#### **NOTE 5 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES**

The District is a member of a joint powers authority (JPA). GSRMA provides general liability, automotive liability, property, and crime damages, as well as coverage for workers' compensation. The relationship is such that the JPA are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these financial statements. Audited financial statements are available from the entity.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfer between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditure or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related costs as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers in and transfers out are netted on the government-wide statements of activities unless they do not net to zero.

Interfund activity for the fiscal year consisted of transfers from the Endowment Fund to the General Fund for \$3,436. Additionally, the District transferred \$22,229 from the Pre-Need Fund to the General Fund to cover costs incurred.

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below:

	Balance ly 1, 2016	Add	ditions	De	creases	Balance e 30, 2017	e Within ne Year
Compensated absences Preneed repayments	\$ 31,602 94,895	\$	- -	\$	26,576 12,605	\$ 5,026 82,290	\$ 5,026 14,000
	\$ 126,497	\$	-	\$	39,181	\$ 87,316	\$ 19,026

#### **Estimated Preneed Repayments**

In July 2014, the Pre-Need Fund provided proceeds to the General Fund to pay down the CalPERS former side-fund/unfunded liability in the amount of \$151,177. This resulted in a reduction of the monthly payment to CalPERS. The District will be making "payments" back to the Pre-Need Fund by forgoing the at-need services that are normally transferred to the General Fund.

The approximate repayment schedule as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Fiscal		
Year	P	rincipal
2018	\$	14,000
2019		14,000
2020		14,000
2021		14,000
2022		14,000
2023		12,290
		_
	\$	82,290

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCE**

At June 30, 2017, fund balances of the District's governmental funds were classified as follows:

			Permanent Fund				
		General Fund		owment Care Fund	Total		
Nonspendable:	,			_		_	
Endowment principal	\$	-	\$	552,490	\$	552,490	
Inventory		18,383				18,383	
Total Nonspendable		18,383		552,490		570,873	
Unassigned:							
Unassigned balances		75,794				75,794	
Total Unassigned		75,794		-		75,794	
Total	\$	94,177	\$	552,490	\$	646,667	

#### NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER UNCERTAINTIES

The District is involved in routine litigation incidental to its business and may be subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, management believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. The financial markets in recent months have shown heightened volatility and the markets are significantly down. Due to the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the various risk factors, in the near term could materially affect investment balances and the amounts reported in the financial statements. Additionally, many mutual funds invest in the securities of foreign companies, which involve special risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN**

#### Plan Description, Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of an individual rate plan within a miscellaneous risk pool. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68.

Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous pools. Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District sponsors two rate plans (Classic and PEPRA). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found at CalPERS' website.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### **Contribution Description**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and will be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The District's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$7,917.

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (the measurement date), the active employee contribution rate is 7.100 percent of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 7.634 percent (6.842 percent for PEPRA) of annual payroll. Employer contributions rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution. CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 10 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions At June 30, 2017, the District reported a net pension liability of \$120,544 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, rolled forward to June 30, 2016, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2017, the District's net pension liability as a proportion of the miscellaneous pool was 0.0020% versus 0.0035% at June 30, 2016. The District recognized pension expense of \$17,148 for the year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	 red Inflows esources
Pension contributions subsquent to measurement date Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	\$ 7,917 461 -	\$ - 57 2,351
plan investments	 36,525	 7,470
Total	\$ 44,903	\$ 9,878

The \$7,917 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred					
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)					
June 30	of Resources					
2018	\$ 1,985	_				
2019	2,775					
2020	18,569					
2021	3,779					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 10 – PENSION PLAN (continued)**

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2020 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2015

Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Serivce

Mortality Derived using CalPERS Membership Date for all funds Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power

protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies,

2.75% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

#### **Change in Assumption**

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Taking in to account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans for PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11 - 60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10	Years 11+
Global Equity	50.0%	4.8%	6.0%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.0%	2.6%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.8%	1.8%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.3%	7.2%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.8%	4.9%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.9%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 10 – PENSION PLAN (continued)**

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.65%) or one percentage point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	6.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 187,804			

Current Discount Rate 7.65% Net Pension Liability \$ 120,544

1% Increase 8.65% Net Pension Liability \$ 64,956

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net positions is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report. The District did not report a payable outstanding for contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Subsequent Events**

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

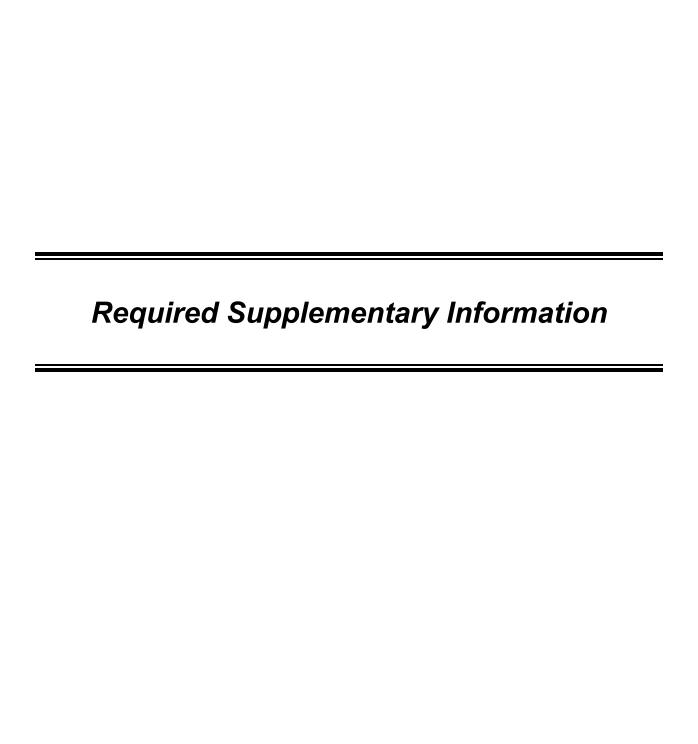
#### **Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss: Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments (5 year straight-line amortization) and all other amounts (Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Events subsequent to June 30, 2017, have been evaluated through October 13, 2024, the date at which the District's audited financial statements were available to be issued. Events requiring disclosure have occurred through this date and include a global pandemic, multiple natural disasters and other non-district specific events.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	95,611	\$ 95,611	\$ 98,787	\$	3,176
Charges for current services		65,312	65,312	97,101		31,789
Other revenues		28,514	28,514	3,006		(25,508)
Investment income		9,577	 9,577	 424		(9,153)
Total revenues		199,014	199,014	199,318		304
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Salaries and employee benefits		136,475	136,475	161,098		(24,623)
Utilities		5,200	5,200	5,516		(316)
Services and supplies		41,489	41,489	23,669		17,820
Capital outlay		999	999	-		999
Debt service			 	 12,605		(12,605)
Total expenditures		184,163	 184,163	 202,888		(18,725)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES	3					
Operating transfers in			 	25,665		25,665
Net change in fund balances		14,851	14,851	22,095		7,244
FUND BALANCE						
Balances, July 1, 2016		72,082	72,082	 72,082		
Balances, June 30, 2017	\$	86,933	\$ 86,933	\$ 94,177		

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017	2016			2015	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00347%	0.00200%		0	0.00900%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 120,544	\$	53,000	\$	212,000	
Covered Payroll	\$ 110,261	\$	94,000	\$	80,000	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	109.3%		56.4%		265.0%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.9%		80.0%		81.0%	

Schedule of District's Pension Contributions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017		2016		2015	
Contractually Required Contribution (Actuarially Determined)	\$	7,917	\$	17,000	\$	15,000
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		(7,917)		(17,000)	(	<u>159,000)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$(	144,000)
Covered Payroll	\$ ^	110,261	\$	94,000	\$	80,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll		7.18%		19.0%		169.0%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

At June 30, 2017, the District had excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule were incurred fas follows:

Appropriations Category	Amount			
Current:				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	24,623		
Utilities		316		
Debt service		12,605		

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

- > Change in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- > Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes in economic assumption for the plan from previous valuation.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2024.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identified a matter which we consider to be a material weakness as noted in our separate letter dated October 13, 2024.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kern River Valley Public Cemetery District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the separate Schedule of findings and responses and was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 13, 2024